

CHAPTER 5

Measures in Response to Climate Changes

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5. Measures in Response to Climate Changes

Energy transition is a global trend, driven by the need to meet the 2030 global greenhouse gas emission reduction targets in response to the escalating threat of climate change. As part of the global supply chain, Davicom is actively exploring ways to align with the United Nations' sustainable development goals.

5.1 Climate Action

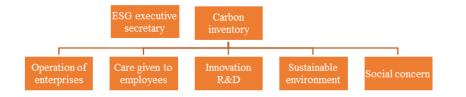
Climate action is the action taken to cope with global climate change, consisting of carbon inventory to assess carbon emissions to see performance in reducing greenhouse gas emissions as well as development of various types of sustainable strategies to decrease greenhouse gas emissions to mitigate impact arising from climate change.

In 2017, Davicom declared its R&D goal: a 20% energy reduction in new products. In 2021, we set greenhouse gas reduction targets: maintaining Scope 1 emissions at current levels and reducing Scope 2 emissions by 2% annually from 2022 to 2025. We also aim to reduce electricity consumption by 2% per year, decrease daily waste by 1 kilogram, and increase the recycling rate of packaging materials by 3% annually. Beyond internal climate actions, Davicom extends its climate action plans through the Davicom Caring Initiative.

5.1.1 Carbon Emission Management

Davicom follows ISO 14064 standards and the Climate Change Administration Ministry of Environment's guidelines for greenhouse gas inventory, covering Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions, and external Scope 3 emissions. After considering factors such as emission volume, influence, risks, stakeholders, and outsourcing activities, we disclose our greenhouse gas emissions from employee commuting, business travel, downstream transportation, downstream leased assets, and waste disposal.

Davicom Carbon management Framework



Carbon Inventory

2023 Organizational Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Period for information	January 1 to December 31, 2023					
Scope of information	Our headquarters building (not including public-use space and rented floors) and two offices in Tainan, southern Taiwan					
Categories of	Scope 1 (tCO2e)	87.7770				
inventory	Scope 2 (tCO2e)	399.8872				

Explanation of Greenhouse Gas Emissions Within the Organization

• Davicom's Scope 1 and Scope 2 greenhouse gas emissions totaled 487.6642 tCO2e/year.

• The main source of emissions is purchased electricity (Scope 2), accounting for 82% of the total emissions.

• Scope 1 direct emissions amount to 87.777 tCO2e/year, comprising 18% of total emissions, primarily from energy consumption for employee living needs (e.g., chillers, refrigerators) and other sources such as fixed emissions (diesel for emergency generators), mobile emissions (gasoline for company vehicles), and fugitive emissions (dehumidifiers, gas circuit breakers, programmable thermostats). Since Davicom operates solely as an office without production lines, there are no process emissions.

2023 Scope 1 Greenhouse Gas Emissions Statistics - Seven Major Emissions Categories

-			U	e				
Category	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	HFCs	PFCs	SF6	NF ₃	Total
Carbon Dioxide Equivalent (tCO ₂ e/year)	0.8348	0.0000	0.0000	86.9086	0.0000	0.0333	0.0000	87.777
Proportions (%)	0.95%	0.00%	0.00%	99.01%	0.00%	0.04%	0.00%	100.00%
Note: Global Warming P	otential (GWP) valu	ues are based on the	IPCC 2021 Sixth A	ssessment Report,	with emission factor	s sourced from the	Climate Change Ad	ministration

Ministry of Environment's Greenhouse Gas Emission Factors Management Table version 6.0.4.

Scope 3: [other indirect] emissions outside organizations

Carbon emissions attributable to

employees' vehicular transportation for work

Transportation	Data on	Emission	Carbon emissions	Carbon emissions
vehicles	activities	Factor	(kg)	(t CO2e)
High-speed railway	73,639.26	0.040	2,945	2.945
Transportation by driving cars	732,199.26	0.173	126,670	126.67
Motorcycles	89,550.40	0.046	4,119	4.119
Public passenger transportation	71,891.28	0.056	4,025	4.025
Total	38,691.21			137.759

Carbon emissions due to downstream freight transportation

Data on activities (kilometer)	Volumes of dimensions (m3)	Carbon emissions (kg)	Carbon emissions (t CO2e)						
1,217,040	81.78	141,176	141						
Note: The carbor	n footprint of air	freight is estima	ted using an emission factor of 1.16E+0						
kgCO2e, with actual emissions influenced by factors such as weather conditions, aircraft									
load, and fuel eff	load, and fuel efficiency.								

Carbon emissions attributable to domestic and overseas business trips

Item	Data on activities (Km)	Emission Factor	Carbon emissions (kg)	Carbon emissions (t CO2e)
Transportation by self-driving cars	111,106.70	2.92E+0 kgCO ₂ e	32,443	32.443
International aviation	34,809.85	2.81E-1 kgCO2e	9,782	9.782
Total	145,916.55		42,225	42.225

Note: Emission factors for gasoline (mobile) and air freight are calculated according to the Ministry of Environment's Carbon Footprint Information Platform.

Disposal of wastes

	Disposal of wastes-garbage									
Item	Data on activities (kg)	Emission Factor	Carbon emissions (Kg)	Carbon emissions (t CO2e)						
Incinerators	6,249.6	0.737	4,605.9552	4.6059552						
Disposal of wastes-business operation										
Item	Data on activities	Emission Factor	Carbon emissions (Kg)	Carbon emissions (tCO2e)						
Recycling service providers	44	0.0218	0.9592	0.0009592						

Downstream leased assets

	Da	ta on activiti	es		Carbon	Carbon
Procured electricity	DAVICOM Semiconductor	Proportions	Outside power consumption	Emission Factor	emissions (kg)	emissions (t CO2e)
	1,820,310.00	56.20	102,301,422	0.494	505,369	505.369

Scope 3: analysis of emission density

	Employees ' vehicular transportati on for work	due to	Business Trip	Disposal of wastes	Downstream leased assets	Total
tCO2e	137.76	141.00	42.23	4.61	505.37	830.96
Proportio ns (%)	16.00	17.00	5.00	1.00	61.00	100.00

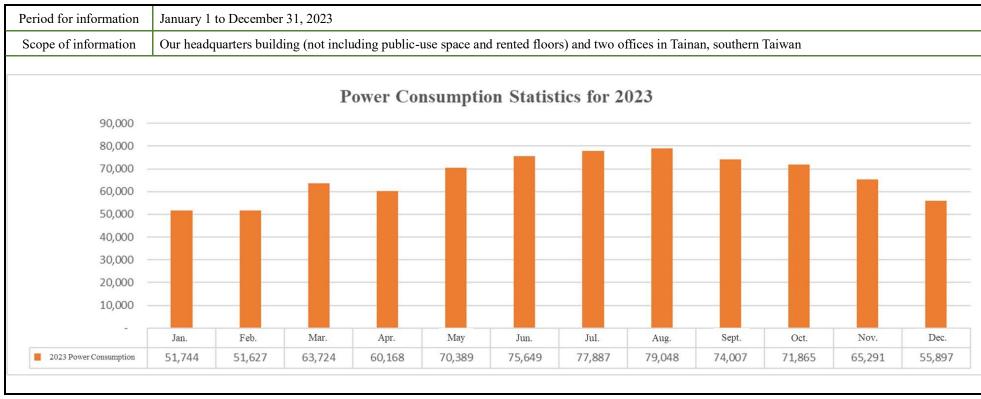
5.2 Utilization of Energy and Resources

Davicom has energy and resources supplied from outside. Electricity is supplied by Taiwan Power Company and water used in offices by Taiwan Water Corp., rainwater and RO recycled water is used in planting. We have set up power- and water-saving equipment and asked employees to save energy and resources.

Conditions of power consumption

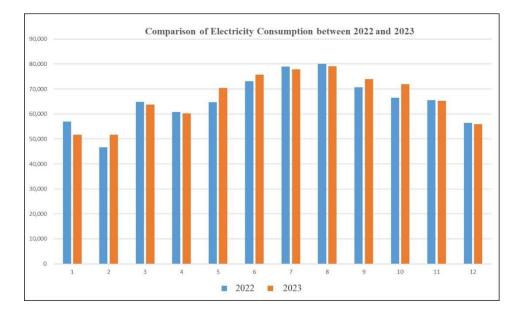
Davicom's office building comprises 13 floors, with 4 underground and 9 above ground. To achieve energy savings and carbon reduction, and to reduce indirect greenhouse gas emissions within the organization, we have implemented various energy-saving measures. The entire company adheres to energy conservation policies, contributing to environmental protection.

Power Consumption Statistics



Month	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Total
power consumption	51,744	51,627	63,724	60,168	70,389	75,649	77,887	79,048	74,007	71,865	65,291	55,897	797,296

Analysis of 2023 power consumption : Davicom's peak power consumption occurs from May to October, with the highest usage in July and August. This pattern highlights the rising temperatures in Taiwan, with shorter winters and worsening global warming. Due to an increase in hot days compared to the previous year, power consumption in Davicom's building in 2023 slightly increased compared to 2022.



Specific Energy-Saving and Carbon Reduction Measures

- 1. Installing inverters in air conditioning equipment to improve energy efficiency.
- 2. Reducing the number of corridor lights to decrease energy usage.

3. Raising indoor air conditioning temperatures by one degree to enhance energy savings.

4. Turning off lights during lunch breaks or when leaving the office to conserve electricity.

5. Installing thermal insulation film or curtains to improve energy efficiency.

6. Collecting rainwater or using RO recycled water for irrigation to enhance energy efficiency.

7. Encouraging employees to use stairs instead of elevators, promoting health and reducing energy consumption.

8. Promoting carpooling or the use of eco-friendly transportation (e.g., bicycles) at labormanagement meetings and other events.

Planning for greenhouse gas reduction: Davicom has conducted a feasibility assessment for the small-scale installation of solar panels, aiming to become a company that generates a portion of its own electricity, ensuring convenience for employees during power outages.

■ Conditions of using water resource

Davicom's office building relies entirely on Taiwan Water Corporation's supply for all water usage, which is limited to office needs. In 2023, the total annual water consumption was 11,137 degrees, with Davicom accounting for 4,878 degrees of the water bill. The building's overall water consumption increased slightly by 549 degrees compared to last year (2022), primarily due to the rise of enterovirus and COVID-19 variants in 2023. To prioritize employee health, we encouraged employees to follow the Ministry of Health and Welfare's recommended hand-washing technique, leading to an increase in annual water usage. (Note: 2021 water consumption was 5,375 degrees; 2022 water consumption was 4,329 degrees; 2023 water consumption was 4,878 degrees.)

2023 Water Consumption Statistics

Period for information	January 1 to De	anuary 1 to December 31, 2023											
Scope of information	Our headquarte	ur headquarters building (not including public-use space and rented floors) and two offices in Tainan, southern Taiwan											
Water consumption	4,878	,878											
	700 600 500 400 300 200					Water C	Consump						
	100												
	Water Consumption	Jan. 268	Feb. 257	Mar. 299	Apr. 328	May 402	Jun. 509	Jul. 571	Aug. 573	Sept.	Oct. 443	Nov. 385	Dec. 338

Month	January	February	February	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Total
Water consumption	268	257	299	328	402	509	571	573	505	443	385	338	4,878

2023 Water Consumption Analysis: Davicom's peak water usage occurred in June, July, August, and September, with the highest consumption in July and August. This pattern indicates that infectious diseases are also a significant risk of climate change. Employees are the most valuable asset to the company, and their health considerations take precedence over controlling operating costs.

5.3 Product Environmental Footprint

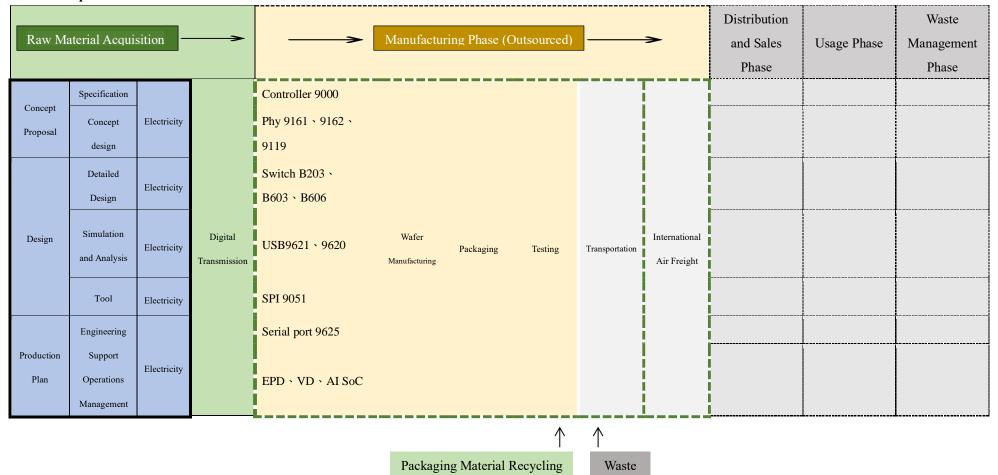
Environmental footprint of products refers to total environmental influence regarding a product from production of it to its being used, scraped and recycled. The total environmental influence includes use of energy and resources, greenhouse gas emissions, water and air pollution as well as land use. As an IC design house, our IC products play an important bridge for using networking/communication devices to foundation construct infrastructure.

Davicom is an IC design company, outsourcing the manufacturing stages (wafer fabrication, packaging, and testing) to external partners. As our suppliers have yet to provide detailed product environmental footprint data, we currently lack reference information. However, our newly developed product (PHY, DM91XX) has a die size of (1784x1505)=2,684,920 µm², reducing power consumption from 429mW to 165mW, achieving a 38.5% reduction in energy usage.



Product Carbon Footprint: B2B (Cradle to Gate)

Process Map



Raw Material Acquisition Phase – Utilization of energy and resources

Catalogue	Data on	Emission Factor	Carbon emissions
Category	activities	Emission Factor	(tCO2e)
Power Consumption	797,296 kWh	9.73E-2 kgCO ₂ e	775.77
Water Consumption	4,878 cubic metre	2.33E-1 kgCO ₂ e	1.13
Total			776.90

Cargo distribution

Category	Data on activities	Emission Factor	Carbon emissions (tCO2e)	
International air freight	1,217,040 km	1.16E+0kgCO2e	141	

Disposal of wastes

C t	Data on	Enviroing Environ	Carbon emissions	
Category	activities	Emission Factor	(tCO2e)	
General waste	6249.6 kgs	0.737	4.6059552	
incineration	0249.0 Kgs	0.737		
Industrial waste	44 kgs	0.0218	0.0009592	
disposal	44 Kg5	0.0218	0.0009392	
Total			4.61	

Recycling and reuse

Category	Data on activities	Emission Factor	Carbon emissions (tCO2e)
PPE Recycle (4,061pcs)	488Kg	1.95E+0 kgCO2e	0.9516
Cardboard recycling (1,460pcs)	458Kg	1.69E+0 kgCO2e	0.77402
Total			1.72562

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Distribution

Carbon Footpri	int (tCO2e)	Controller	Phy	Switch	USB	SPI	Serial	EPD、VD、AI SoC
Energy and resources acquisition phase	776.9	90.95	166.46	26.53	78.13	59.62	1.75	353.47
Manufacturing Phase-Waste	4.61	0.54	0.99	0.16	0.46	0.35	0.01	2.10
Distribution and Sales Phase	141.0	16.51	30.21	4.81	14.18	10.82	0.32	64.15
Recycling and reuse	(1.72562)	-0.20	-0.37	-0.06	-0.13	-0.13	0.00	-0.79
Product Environmental Footprint	920.78438	107.80	197.29	31.44	92.64	70.66	2.07	418.93

Note: The product environmental footprint allocation ratio is based on the production quantity of each product type as shown in the table below.

Product	Amount(K)	Proportion (%)	
Controller 9000	624	11.707317	
Phy 9161 \ 9162 \ 9119	1,142	21.425891	
Switch B203 、 B603 、 B606	182	3.4146341	
USB 9621 \ 9620	536	10.056285	
SPI 9051	409	7.673546	
Serial port 9625	12	0.2251407	
EPD、VD、AI SoC	2,425	45.497186	



5.4Nurturing the Seeds of Biodiversity—Safeguarding Delicate Guests from Afar

A migratory bird, the Gorsachius goisagi, passed through and found refuge in the campus buildings, where it settled and raised the next generation.

For seven consecutive years, Davicom has been committed to environmental education in Taiwan's remaining pristine lands. At the beginning of 2023, exciting news came from the campus: the Gorsachius goisagi, migrating from the north to the south to escape the cold, chose Guanshan Elementary School's beautiful and clean campus as a breeding ground. Teachers and students were overjoyed and formed a campus patrol to protect these precious guests from afar. From the female bird laying eggs, incubating, hatching, and fledging to the final farewell, the students experienced a remarkable life education lesson.



